

6-8

Notes

Graphing Radical Functions

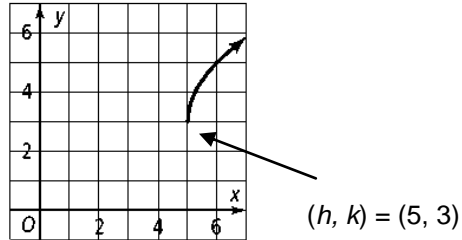
The graph of $y = a\sqrt{x-h} + k$ is a translation h units horizontally (*opposite*) and k units vertically of $y = a\sqrt{x}$. The value of a determines a vertical stretch or compression of $y = \sqrt{x}$, and whether the graph is the top or bottom of a sideways U-shape.

Problem

What is the graph of $y = 2\sqrt{x-5} + 3$?

$$y = 2\sqrt{x-5} + 3$$

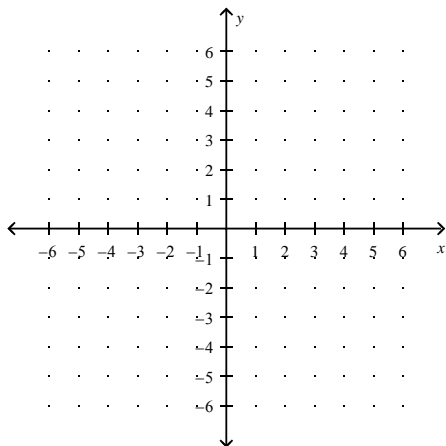
\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow
 $a = 2$ $h = 5$ $k = 3$



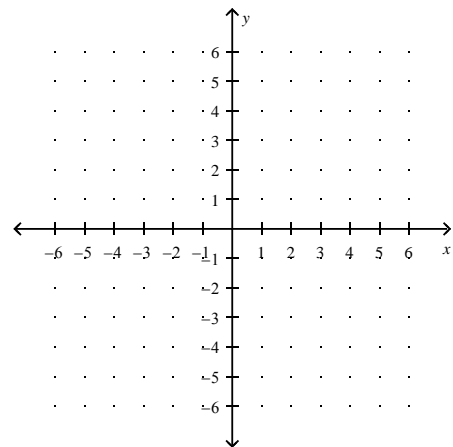
Exercises

Graph each function.

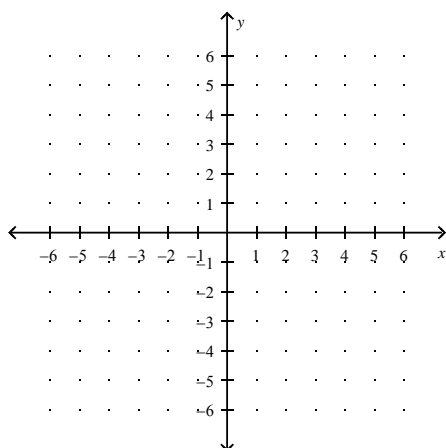
1. $y = \sqrt{x-4} + 1$



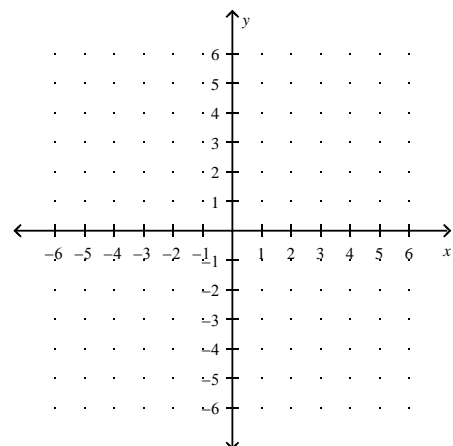
2. $y = \sqrt{x} - 4$



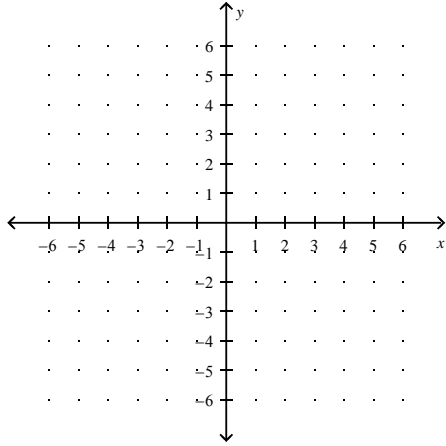
3. $y = \sqrt{x+1}$



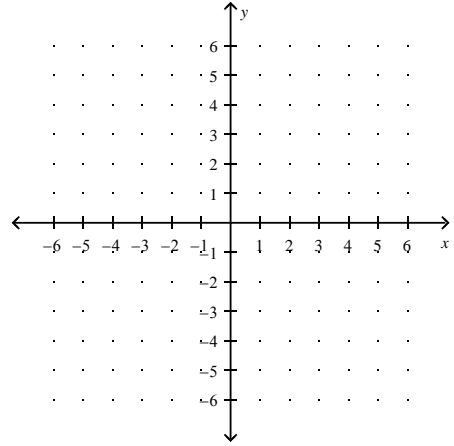
4. $y = -\sqrt{x+2} - 3$



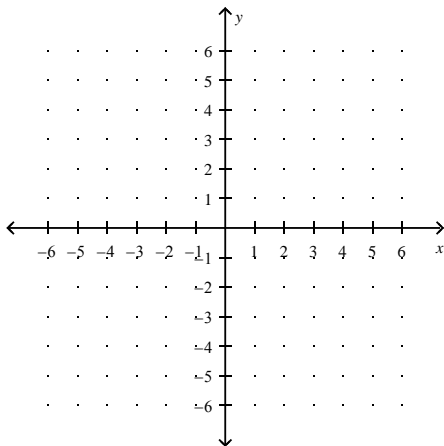
5. $y = 2\sqrt{x-1}$



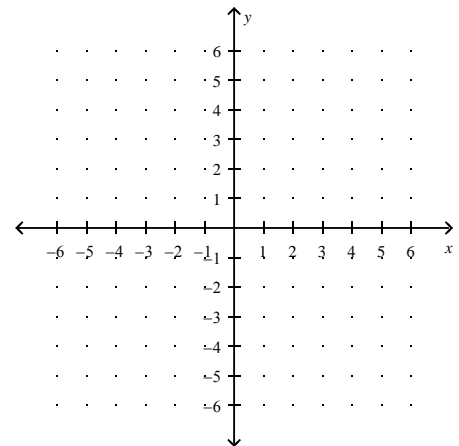
6. $y = -2\sqrt{x+3} + 4$



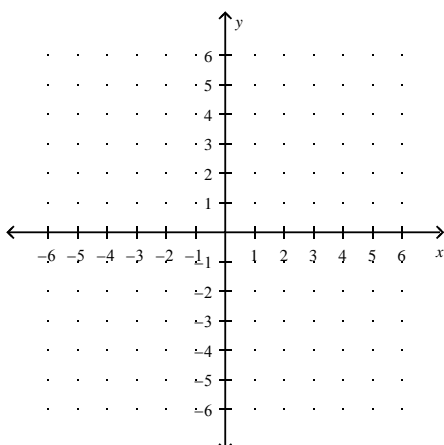
7. $y = -\sqrt{x-1}$



8. $y = \sqrt{x+3} - 4$



9. $y = 3\sqrt{x} + 2$



10. $y = -\sqrt{x-2}$

